SYSY Antibodies

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DARPP32

Cat.No. 382 004; Polyclonal Guinea pig antibody, 100 µl antiserum (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	100 µl antiserum, lyophilized. For **reconstitution** add 100 µl H_2O, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	**WB**: 1 : 1000 up to 1 : 5000 (AP staining) **IP**: not tested yet **ICC**: 1 : 500 up to 1 : 1000 **IHC**: 1 : 5000 up to 1 : 10000 **IHC-P (FFPE)**: 1 : 500 up to 1 : 1000
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide corresponding to AA 148 to 166 from mouse Darpp32 (UniProt Id: Q60829)
Reactivity	Reacts with: mouse (Q6J4I0), rat (Q60829). Other species not tested yet.
Matching control	382-0P

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY
NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Background

The **d**opamine and c**A**MP **r**egulated **p**hospho**p**rotein **32** kDa (**DARPP 32**), also known as **PPP1R1B**, is phosphorylated in a dopamine dependent manner. Stimulation of the dopamine receptor DRD 1 increases cAMP levels resulting in DARPP 32 phosphorylation. It is a commonly used marker for striatal medium spiny neurons (MSNs).

Selected References for 382 004

Ageing promotes microglial accumulation of slow-degrading synaptic proteins.
Guldner IH, Wagner VP, Moran-Losada P, Shi SM, Golub SW, Hevler JF, Chen K, Meese BT, Ghoochani A, Pulido E, Oh HS, et al.
Nature (2026) : . . **IHC-P; tested species: mouse**

Formation of the mouse internal capsule and cerebral peduncle: A pioneering role for striatonigral axons as revealed in Isl1 conditional mutants.
Ehrman JM, Merchan-Sala P, Ehrman L, Chen B, Lim HW, Waclaw RR, Campbell K
The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience (2022) : . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

Postnatal reduction of eIF4E overexpression in D1-SPNs ameliorates KCNQ channel dysfunction, hyperexcitability and ASD-like behaviours.
Aaltonen A, Tamaki A, Peris Ramón A, Borgkvist A, Santini E
Cellular and molecular life sciences : CMLS (2026) 831: . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

The interaction of tPA with NMDAR1 drives neuroinflammation and neurodegeneration in α-synuclein-mediated neurotoxicity.
Torrente D, Su EJ, Citalán-Madrid AF, Schielke GP, Magaoay D, Warnock M, Stevenson T, Mann K, Lesept F, Delétage N, Blanc M, et al.
Journal of neuroinflammation (2025) 221: 8. . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

Selected General References

Protective Effect of Curcumin by Modulating BDNF/DARPP32/CREB in Arsenic-Induced Alterations in Dopaminergic Signaling in Rat Corpus Striatum.
Srivastava P et al. Mol. Neurobiol. (2016) PubMed:27966075

Interrogating the aged striatum: robust survival of grafted dopamine neurons in aging rats produces inferior behavioral recovery and evidence of impaired integration.
Collier TJ et al. Neurobiol. Dis. (2015) PubMed:25771169

Striatal progenitors derived from human ES cells mature into DARPP32 neurons in vitro and in quinolinic acid-lesioned rats.
Aubry L et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. (2008) PubMed:18922775

Phosphodiesterase 1B differentially modulates the effects of methamphetamine on locomotor activity and spatial learning through DARPP32-dependent pathways: evidence from PDE1B-DARPP32 double-knockout mice.
Ehrman LA et al. Genes Brain Behav. (2006) PubMed:17010100

Immunohistochemical localization of DARPP32 in striatal projection neurons and striatal interneurons in pigeons.
Reiner A et al. J. Chem. Neuroanat. (1998) PubMed:9924970

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at https://sysy.com/product/382004 or scan the QR-code.

FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

- All SYSY antibodies and control proteins/peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freeze-dried). In this form, they remain stable without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- **Unlabeled** and **biotin-labeled antibodies** and **control proteins** should be stored at **4°C** before reconstitution. **Do not freeze lyophilized antibodies**. Temperatures below 0°C may impair performance.
- **Fluorescence-labeled antibodies** should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long-term storage of lyophilized fluorophore-conjugates may cause aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be stored at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- **Do not use frost-free ("no-frost") freezers.** These units periodically warm to remove ice buildup, causing freeze–thaw cycles that can damage antibodies.
- Store vials in areas with minimal temperature fluctuation - preferably toward the back of the freezer, not on the door.
- Aliquot reconstituted antibodies and store at –20°C to –80°C.
- Avoid very small aliquots (<20 µL), as evaporation and adsorption to tube surfaces can reduce antibody concentration and activity.
- Use the smallest practical storage vial to minimize surface area.
- Adding glycerol to a final concentration of 50% prevents freezing at -20°C, allowing storage in liquid form and effectively avoiding freeze–thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides

- Store at -20°C to -80°C

Monoclonal Antibodies

- **Ascites and hybridoma supernatant:** Store at -20°C to -80°C
  Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended, as proteases present in ascites may degrade antibodies.
- **Purified IgG:** Store at -20°C to -80°C
  Adding a carrier protein (e.g., BSA) enhances long-term stability.
  Many SYSY antibodies already contain carrier proteins - refer to the respective datasheet for details.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- **Crude antisera:** Can be stored at 4°C with antimicrobials added, but -20°C to -80°C is preferred
- **Affinity-purified antibodies:** Less stable than antisera; store at -20°C to -80°C
  Adding a carrier protein such as BSA improves long-term stability.
  Most SYSY antibodies already contain carrier proteins - refer to the respective datasheet for details.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

- Store as a liquid with 1:1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C, and protect from light exposure

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All purified SYSY antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the volume of deionized water specified in the corresponding datasheet. If a larger final volume is desired, first add the recommended amount of water, then adjust with PBS and, if needed, add a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g., BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some SYSY antibodies already contain albumin; please take this into account before adding additional carrier protein.

For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the vial cap. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. To collect the liquid at the bottom of the vial, place the vial inside a 50 ml centrifuge tube padded with paper and centrifuge briefly.

- If desired, small amounts of azide or thimerosal may be added to prevent microbial growth. This is particularly recommended when storing an aliquot at 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add glycerol 1:1 (v/v) to achieve a final concentration of 50%. This prevents freezing at –20°C and keeps the antibody in liquid form, effectively avoiding freeze–thaw cycles.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies as a general measure to prevent freeze–thaw damage.
- For further guidance, please refer to our **storage tips** and recommendations for reconstituted antibodies, control peptides, and control proteins.