

## NeuN

Cat.No. 266 004; Polyclonal Guinea pig antibody, 100 µl antiserum (lyophilized)

### Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	100 µl antiserum, lyophilized. For <b>reconstitution</b> add 100 µl H <sub>2</sub> O, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	<b>WB:</b> not tested yet <b>IP:</b> not tested yet <b>ICC:</b> 1 : 500 <b>IHC:</b> 1 : 100 up to 1 : 500 <b>IHC_P:</b> 1 : 200 <b>IHC_FR:</b> yes <b>EXM:</b> 1 : 500
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 97 from mouse NeuN (UniProt Id: Q8BIF2)
Reactivity	Reacts with: rat (D4A2H6), mouse (Q8BIF2), human (A6NFN3). Other species not tested yet.

**TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY**  
**NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS**

## Background

**NeuN (Neuronal Nuclei)** is a neuron-specific nuclear protein that has recently been identified as Fox-3/Rbfox3, a member of the Fox-1 family of transcription factors. NeuN is only expressed in the nuclei of differentiated neurons. In some neurons - Purkinje cells, sympathetic ganglion cells, INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, inferior olivary and dentate nucleus neurons - NeuN is not detectable.

### Selected References for 266 004

- Jionoside A1 alleviates ischemic stroke ischemia/reperfusion injury by promoting Nix-mediated mitophagy. Yu X, Liu X, Mi X, Luo X, Lian Z, Tang J, Wang G. Cellular and molecular biology (Noisy-le-Grand, France) (2023) 698: 237-245. . **ICC, IHC; tested species: rat**
- Single-cell dissection of the human motor and prefrontal cortices in ALS and FTLD. Pineda SS, Lee H, Ulloa-Navas MJ, Linville RM, Garcia FJ, Galani K, Engelberg-Cook E, Castanedes MC, Fitzwalter BE, Pregent LJ, Gardashli ME, et al. Cell (2024) 1878: 1971-1989.e16. . **IHC\_FR; tested species: mouse**
- Comparative pathogenesis of different phylogroup I bat lyssaviruses in a standardized mouse model. Klein A, Eggerbauer E, Potratz M, Zaack LM, Calvelage S, Finke S, Müller T, Freuling CM. PLoS neglected tropical diseases (2022) 16(1): e0009845. . **CLARITY; tested species: mouse**
- A fluorescent splice-switching mouse model enables high-throughput, sensitive quantification of antisense oligonucleotide delivery and activity. Byrnes AE, Roudnicki F, Gogineni A, Soung AL, Xiong M, Hayne M, Heaster-Ford T, Shatz-Binder W, Dominguez SL, Imperio J, Gierke S, et al. Cell reports methods (2024) 4(1): 100673. . **IHC; tested species: mouse**
- Scaling of smaller pyramidal neuron size and lower energy production in schizophrenia. Schoonover KE, Miller NE, Fish KN, Lewis DA. Neurobiology of disease (2024) 19(1): 106394. . **IHC; tested species: human**
- Crym-positive striatal astrocytes gate perseverative behaviour. Ollivier M, Soto JS, Linker KE, Moye SL, Jami-Alahmadi Y, Jones AE, Divakaruni AS, Kawaguchi R, Wohlschlegel JA, Khakh BS. Nature (2024) : . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**
- Silencing CA1 pyramidal cells output reveals the role of feedback inhibition in hippocampal oscillations. Adaikkan C, Joseph J, Foustoukos G, Wang J, Polygalov D, Boehringer R, Middleton SJ, Huang AJY, Tsai LH, McHugh TJ. Nature communications (2024) 15(1): 2190. . **IHC; tested species: mouse**
- HCN channels in the lateral habenula regulate pain and comorbid depressive-like behaviors in mice. Cao XZ, Zhu MY, Xu G, Li F, Yan Y, Zhang JJ, Wang J, Zeng F, Bao Y, Zhang XX, Liu T, et al. CNS neuroscience & therapeutics (2024) 30(7): e14831. . **IHC; tested species: mouse**
- Gastrodin Ameliorates Post-Stroke Depressive-Like Behaviors Through Cannabinoid-1 Receptor-Dependent PKA/RhoA Signaling Pathway. Wang S, Yu L, Guo H, Zuo W, Guo Y, Liu H, Wang J, Wang J, Li X, Hou W, Wang M, et al. Molecular neurobiology (2024) : . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**
- Long-access heroin self-administration induces region specific reduction of grey matter volume and microglia reactivity in the rat. Cannella N, Tambalo S, Lunerti V, Scuppa G, de Vivo L, Abdulmalek S, Kinen A, Mackle J, Kuhn B, Solberg Woods LC, Chung D, et al. Brain, behavior, and immunity (2024) 118: 210-220. . **IHC; tested species: rat**
- An In Vivo Platform for Rebuilding Functional Neocortical Tissue. Quezada A, Ward C, Bader ER, Zolotavin P, Altun E, Hong S, Killian NJ, Xie C, Batista-Brito R, Hébert JM. Bioengineering (Basel, Switzerland) (2023) 10(2): . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at <https://sysy.com/product/266004> or scan the QR-code.



# FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

## Shipping Conditions

- All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freeze-dried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

## Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- **Unlabeled** and **biotin-labeled antibodies** and **control proteins** should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. **They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized!** Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- **Fluorescence-labeled antibodies** should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

## Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 µl) and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

## Product Specific Hints for Storage

### Control proteins / peptides

- Store at -20°C to -80°C.

### Monoclonal Antibodies

- **Ascites** and **hybridoma supernatant** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. **Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended!** Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

### Polyclonal Antibodies

- **Crude antisera:** With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- **Affinity purified antibodies:** Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

### Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

- Store as a liquid with 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

# Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

## FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

### Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein. For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol to a final concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freeze-thaw cycles.
- Please refer to our **tips and hints for subsequent storage** of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.