**Data Sheet**

**Reconstitution/Storage**
100 µl specific antibody, lyophilized. Affinity purified with the immunogen. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization. For reconstitution add 100 µl H2O. Then aliquot and store at -20°C until use. For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.

**Applications**
- WB: 1 : 250 up to 1 : 500 (AP staining)
- IP: not tested yet
- ICC: 1 : 1000
- IHC: 1 : 1000 (see remarks)
- IHC-P/FPFE: not recommended (see remarks)

**Immunogen**
Synthetic peptide corresponding to AA 2 to 17 from rat c-Fos (UniProt Id: P12841)

**Reactivity**
Reacts with: human (P01100), rat (P12841), mouse (P01101), monkey, ape, cow, dog, pig. Other species not tested yet.

**Specificity**
Specific for c-Fos.

**Matching control**
226-0P

**Remarks**
- IHC: Signal quality is strongly enhanced when antibody is incubated at RT. For best results tissue sections should be stored at -20°C in cryoprotectant solution. Prolonged storage at 4°C leads to a substantial loss of signal.
- IHC-P: Cat. no. 226 013 is recommended for this application.

**TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY
NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS**

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at [https://sysy.com/product/226003](https://sysy.com/product/226003) or scan the QR-code.

**Selected References for 226 003**
- Hippocampus (2016) 2611: 1393-1413. IHC
- Human osteosarcoma cells respond to sorafenib-chemotherapy by downregulation of the tumor progression factors S100A4, CXCR4 and the oncogene FOS. Walter I, Wolfsberger B, Miller I, Mair G, Burger S, Galle B, Steinborn R
- Oncology reports (2014) 313: 1147-56. ICC; tested species: human
- The p75 neurotrophin receptor in AgRP neurons is necessary for homeostatic feeding and food anticipation. Podyma B, Johnson DA, Sipe L, Remcho TP, Battin K, Liu V, Yoon SO, Deppmann CD, Guler AD
eLife (2020) 9: IHC; tested species: mouse
- Systemic administration of pentoxifylline attenuates the development of hypertension in renovascular hypertensive rats. Setladi A, Korim WS, May CN, Yao ST
- Hypertension research: official journal of the Japanese Society of Hypertension (2020): IHC; tested species: rat
- Molecular psychiatry (2020): IHC; tested species: mouse
- Cell metabolism (2020): IHC; tested species: mouse
- Nature communications (2020) 111: 1313. IHC; tested species: mouse
- Encoding of contextual fear memory in hippocampal-amygdala circuit. Kim WB, Cho JH
- Nature communications (2020) 111: 1382. IHC; tested species: mouse
- Targeted delivery of engineered auditory sensing protein for ultrasound neuromodulation in the brain. Wu CY, Fan CH, Chiu NH, Ho YJ, Lin YC, Yeh CK
- Theranostics (2020) 108: 3546-3561. IHC; tested species: mouse
- Nature communications (2020) 111: 2141. IHC; tested species: mouse
- Scientific reports (2020) 101: 8613. IHC; tested species: mouse
- Chronic stress-induced behaviors correlate with exacerbated acute stress-induced cingulate cortex and ventral hippocampus activation. Fee C, Prevot T, Misquitta K, Banasr M, Sible E
- Neuroscience (2020): IHC; tested species: mouse

**Background**

The Fos gene family consists of 4 members: c-Fos, FosB, FosL1, and FosL2, also called Fos related antigen 1 and 2 (FRA1 and 2). These leucine zipper proteins can dimerize with proteins of the JUN family leading to the formation of the transcription factor complex AP1 (1).

The expression of Fos proteins is rapidly and transiently induced by different extracellular stimuli such as growth factors, cytokines, neurotransmitters, polypeptide hormones, stress (2).

In addition Fos proteins can be phosphorylated by ERK kinases modulating transcriptional activity, protein stability and localization (3). c-Fos is the homologue to the Finkel-Biskis-Jinkins (FBJ) murine osteosarcoma virus oncogene (4).
FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

- All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freeze-dried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- Unlabeled and biotin-labeled antibodies and control proteins should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized! Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- Fluorescence-labeled antibodies should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- Control peptides should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 10 µl) and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides:

- Store at -20°C to -80°C.

Monoclonal Antibodies

- Ascites and hybridoma supernatant should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended! Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- Purified IgG should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- Crude antisera: With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- Affinity purified antibodies: Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

- Store as a liquid with 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All our antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein. For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol to a final concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freeze-thaw cycles.
- Please refer to our tips and hints for subsequent storage of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.