

## Homer2

Cat.No. 160 203; Polyclonal rabbit antibody, 50 µg specific antibody (lyophilized)

### Data Sheet

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Reconstitution/<br>Storage | 50 µg specific antibody, lyophilized. Affinity purified with the immunogen. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization. For <b>reconstitution</b> add 50 µl H <sub>2</sub> O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet. |
| Applications               | <b>WB:</b> 1 : 1000 (AP staining)<br><b>IP:</b> not tested yet<br><b>ICC:</b> 1 : 500<br><b>IHC:</b> 1 : 500<br><b>IHC-P (FFPE):</b> not tested yet<br><b>EM:</b> external data (see remarks)  |
| Immunogen                  | Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 176 from rat Homer2 (UniProt Id: O88801)  |
| Reactivity                 | Reacts with: rat (O88801), mouse (Q9QWW1).<br>Other species not tested yet.  |
| Specificity                | AA 121-176, unique for homer 2, were used for affinity purification.   |
| Remarks                    | <b>EM:</b> This antibody has been successfully applied and published for this method by customers (see application-specific references).   |

**TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY**  
**NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS**

## Background

Homer is a scaffolding protein of the post synaptic density (PSD) and enriched at excitatory synapses. The protein binds metabotropic glutamate receptors, TRPC1, proteins of the Shank family and others. By aggregating these proteins into clusters, Homer was suggested to organize distinct signalling domains.

Three isoforms, Homer 1, 2 and 3 have been described. Each of these isoforms is subject to alternative splicing yielding the splice variants a, b, c, d.

## Selected References for 160 203

Homer is concentrated at the postsynaptic density and does not redistribute after acute synaptic stimulation. Tao-Cheng JH, Thein S, Yang Y, Reese TS, Gallant PE  
Neuroscience (2014) 266: 80-90. . **WB, EM**

Live Neuron High-Content Screening Reveals Synaptotoxic Activity in Alzheimer Mouse Model Homogenates. Jiang H, Esparza TJ, Kummer TT, Zhong H, Rettig J, Brody DL  
Scientific reports (2020) 101: 3412. . **ICC; tested species: mouse**

In utero Δ9-tetrahydrocannabinol exposure confers vulnerability towards cognitive impairments and alcohol drinking in the adolescent offspring: Is there a role for neuropeptide Y? Brancato A, Castelli V, Lavanco G, Marino RAM, Cannizzaro C  
Journal of psychopharmacology (Oxford, England) (2020) : 269881120916135. . **IHC; tested species: rat**

An integrated transcriptomic and proteomic map of the mouse hippocampus at synaptic resolution. Kaulich E, Waselenchuk Q, Fürst N, Desch K, Mosbacher J, Ciirdeaeva E, Juengling M, Ray R, Nassim-Assir B, Tushev G, Langer JD, et al.  
Nature communications (2025) 161: 7942. . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

Cross-Sensitization between Binge Eating and Binge Drinking in a Novel C57BL/6NJ Murine Model of Disease Comorbidity Requires PDE4B Activation. Madory LE, Kazerani I, Lee EC, Denning CJE, Mosqueda De Rosas E, Nguyen DT, Feng E, Kotlyar D, Kharwa A, Munn-Chernoff MA, Bryant CD, et al.  
The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience (2025) 4516: . . **WB; tested species: mouse**

Evidence for phosphorylation-dependent, dynamic, regulation of mGlu5 and Homer2 in expression of cocaine aversion in mice. Szumlinski KK, Beltran J, van Doren E, Jimenez Chavez CL, Domingo-Gonzalez RD, Reyes CM, Ary AW, Lang A, Guo W, Worley PF, Huber KM, et al.  
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GPR56 S4 variant is required for microglia-mediated synaptic pruning. Li T, Luo R, Schmidt R, D'Alessandro N, Kishore P, Zhu B, Yu D, Piao X  
Glia (2022) : . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

Neurobiological substrates of persistent working memory deficits and cocaine-seeking in the prefrontal cortex of rats with a history of extended access to cocaine self-administration. Gobin C, Shallcross J, Schwendt M  
Neurobiology of learning and memory (2019) : . . **WB; tested species: rat**

## Selected General References

Homer2 and Homer3 interact with amyloid precursor protein and inhibit Abeta production. Parisiadou L et al. Neurobiol. Dis. (2008) PubMed:18387811

Differential expression of Homer family proteins in the developing mouse brain. Shiraishi Y et al. J. Comp. Neurol. (2004) PubMed:15116392

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at <https://sysy.com/product/160203> or scan the QR-code.



# FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

## Shipping Conditions

- All SYSY antibodies and control proteins/peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freeze-dried). In this form, they remain stable without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

## Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- **Unlabeled** and **biotin-labeled antibodies** and **control proteins** should be stored at **4°C** before reconstitution. **Do not freeze lyophilized antibodies.** Temperatures below 0°C may impair performance.
- **Fluorescence-labeled antibodies** should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long-term storage of lyophilized fluorophore-conjugates may cause aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be stored at -20°C before reconstitution.

## Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- **Do not use frost-free (“no-frost”) freezers.** These units periodically warm to remove ice buildup, causing freeze–thaw cycles that can damage antibodies.
- Store vials in areas with minimal temperature fluctuation - preferably toward the back of the freezer, not on the door.
- Aliquot reconstituted antibodies and store at –20°C to –80°C.
- Avoid very small aliquots (<20 µL), as evaporation and adsorption to tube surfaces can reduce antibody concentration and activity.
- Use the smallest practical storage vial to minimize surface area.
- Adding glycerol to a final concentration of 50% prevents freezing at -20°C, allowing storage in liquid form and effectively avoiding freeze–thaw cycles.

## Product Specific Hints for Storage

### Control proteins / peptides

- Store at -20°C to -80°C

### Monoclonal Antibodies

- **Ascites and hybridoma supernatant:** Store at -20°C to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended, as proteases present in ascites may degrade antibodies.
- **Purified IgG:** Store at -20°C to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein (e.g., BSA) enhances long-term stability. Many SYSY antibodies already contain carrier proteins - refer to the respective datasheet for details.

### Polyclonal Antibodies

- **Crude antisera:** Can be stored at 4°C with antimicrobials added, but -20°C to -80°C is preferred
- **Affinity-purified antibodies:** Less stable than antisera; store at -20°C to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein such as BSA improves long-term stability. Most SYSY antibodies already contain carrier proteins - refer to the respective datasheet for details.

### Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

- Store as a liquid with 1:1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C, and protect from light exposure

# Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

## FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

### Reconstitution

- All purified SYSY antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the volume of deionized water specified in the corresponding datasheet. If a larger final volume is desired, first add the recommended amount of water, then adjust with PBS and, if needed, add a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g., BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some SYSY antibodies already contain albumin; please take this into account before adding additional carrier protein.

For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the vial cap. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. To collect the liquid at the bottom of the vial, place the vial inside a 50 ml centrifuge tube padded with paper and centrifuge briefly.

- If desired, small amounts of azide or thimerosal may be added to prevent microbial growth. This is particularly recommended when storing an aliquot at 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add glycerol 1:1 (v/v) to achieve a final concentration of 50%. This prevents freezing at –20°C and keeps the antibody in liquid form, effectively avoiding freeze–thaw cycles.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies as a general measure to prevent freeze–thaw damage.
- For further guidance, please refer to our **storage tips** and recommendations for reconstituted antibodies, control peptides, and control proteins.