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Homer1b/c

Cat.No. 160 111AbOR; Monoclonal mouse antibody, 100 µg purified IgG (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	100 µg purified IgG, lyophilized, fluorescence-labeled with abberior STAR ORANGE. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization. For reconstitution add 100 µl H_2O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Either add 1:1 (v/v) glycerol, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use, or store aliquots at -80°C without additives. Reconstitute immediately upon receipt! Avoid bright light when working with the antibody to minimize photo bleeching of the fluorescent dye. For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: N/A IP: N/A ICC: 1 : 300 (see remarks) IHC: not tested yet IHC-P: not tested yet
Label	AbberiorStar ORANGE
Clone	SY-72G2
Subtype	IgG1 (κ light chain)
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to the c-terminal half of human Homer1b (UniProt Id: Q86YM7-1)
Reactivity	Reacts with: mouse (Q9Z2Y3), rat (Q9Z214), human (Q86YM7-1). Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	Specific for Homer1b and 1c; no cross-reactivity to Homer1a
Remarks	ICC : This antibody conjugate is especially suitable for high resolution STED microscopy.

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Background

Homer is a scaffolding protein of the post synaptic density (PSD) and enriched at excitatory synapses. The protein binds metabotropic glutamate receptors, TRPC1, proteins of the Shank family and others. By aggregating these proteins into clusters, homer was suggested to organize distinct signalling domains.

Three isoforms, **Homer1**, 2 and 3 have been described. Each of these isoforms is subject to alternative splicing yielding the splice variants a, b, c, d.

Selected General References

Surface clustering of metabotropic glutamate receptor 1 induced by long Homer proteins. Kammermeier PJ et al. BMC Neurosci (2006) PubMed:16393337

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Homer-dependent cell surface expression of metabotropic glutamate receptor type 5 in neurons. Ango F et al. Mol. Cell. Neurosci. (2002) PubMed:12093163

An N-terminal sequence specific for a novel Homer1 isoform controls trafficking of group I metabotropic glutamate receptor in mammalian cells.

Saito H et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. (2002) PubMed:12176012

Regulation of dendritic spine morphology and synaptic function by Shank and Homer. Sala C et al. Neuron (2001) PubMed:11498055

Homer-1c/Vesl-1L modulates the cell surface targeting of metabotropic glutamate receptor type 1alpha: evidence for an anchoring function.

Ciruela F et al. Mol. Cell. Neurosci. (2000) PubMed:10662504

Homer: a link between neural activity and glutamate receptor function. Xiao B et al. Curr. Opin. Neurobiol. (2000) PubMed:10851183

Molecular characterisation of two structurally distinct groups of human homers, generated by extensive alternative splicing. Soloviev MM et al. J. Mol. Biol. (2000) PubMed:10653696

Coupling of mGluR/Homer and PSD-95 complexes by the Shank family of postsynaptic density proteins. Tu JC et al. Neuron (1999) PubMed:10433269

Homer: a protein that selectively binds metabotropic glutamate receptors. Brakeman PR et al. Nature (1997) PubMed:9069287

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at <u>https://sysy.com/product/160111AbOR</u> or scan the QR-code.



FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

• All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freezedried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- Unlabeled and biotin-labeled antibodies and control proteins should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized! Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- Fluorescence-labeled antibodies should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 μl) and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides

• Store at -20°C to -80°C.

Monoclonal Antibodies

- Ascites and hybridoma supernatant should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended! Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- **Crude antisera**: With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- Affinity purified antibodies: Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

• Store as a liquid with 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein. For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol to a final concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freezethaw cycles.
- Please refer to our **tips and hints for subsequent storage** of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.