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### Агс

Cat.No. 156 004; Polyclonal Guinea pig antibody, 100 µl antiserum (lyophilized)

### **Data Sheet**

Reconstitution/ Storage	100 $\mu$ l antiserum, lyophilized. For <b>reconstitution</b> add 100 $\mu$ l H <sub>2</sub> O, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: 1: 1000 AP staining IP: not recommended ICC: not tested yet IHC: 1: 500 IHC_P: 1: 500 up to 1: 1000
Immunogen	Full-length recombinant mouse Arc (UniProt Id: Q9WV31)
Reactivity	Reacts with: rat (Q63053), mouse (Q9WV31). Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	Specific for arc. K.O.
Remarks	This antibody is an alternative for the discontinued purified antibody cat. no. 156 005.

### TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at <a href="https://sysy.com/product/156004">https://sysy.com/product/156004</a> or scan the QR-code.



### Background

Immediate-early genes (IEGs) are rapidely induced after patterned synaptic activity. Genes that are involved in this complex response code for transcription and growth factors, metabolic and signaling enzymes, small GTP binding proteins and structural proteins. Some of these proteins may play a crucial role in long term plasticity which is important for learning processes.

The activity regulated cytoskeleton associated protein Arc or Arg 3.1 is enriched in dendrites and colocalizes with F-Actin. Direct interaction of Arc with actin has also been demonstrated by biochemical studies.

### Selected References for 156 004

Granule Cell Ensembles in Mouse Dentate Gyrus Rapidly Upregulate the Plasticity-Related Protein Synaptopodin after Exploration Behavior.

Paul MH, Choi M, Schlaudraff J, Deller T, Del Turco D

Cerebral cortex (New York, N.Y.: 1991) (2019):.. IHC, EM; tested species: mouse

Molecular Mechanisms Underlying the Retrieval and Extinction of Morphine Withdrawal-Associated Memories in the Basolateral Amygdala and Dentate Gyrus.

Franco-García A, Fernández-Gómez FJ, Gómez-Murcia V, Hidalgo JM, Milanés MV, Núñez C

Biomedicines (2022) 103:.. IHC; tested species: rat

Atypical hypnotic compound ML297 restores sleep architecture immediately following emotionally-valenced learning, to promote memory consolidation and hippocampal network activation during recall.

Martinez JD, Brancaleone WP, Peterson KG, Wilson LG, Aton SJ

Sleep (2022):.. IHC; tested species: mouse

Characterization of the neurogenic niche in the aging dentate gyrus using iterative immunofluorescence imaging. Cole JD, Sarabia Del Castillo J, Gut G, Gonzalez-Bohorquez D, Pelkmans L, Jessberger S

eLife (2022) 11:.. IHC; tested species: mouse

Sleep loss drives acetylcholine- and somatostatin interneuron-mediated gating of hippocampal activity to inhibit memory consolidation.

Delorme J, Wang L, Kuhn FR, Kodoth V, Ma J, Martinez JD, Raven F, Toth BA, Balendran V, Vega Medina A, Jiang S, et al. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2021) 11832: . . IHC; tested species: mouse

Functionally Distinct Neuronal Ensembles within the Memory Engram.

Sun X, Bernstein MJ, Meng M, Rao S, Sørensen AT, Yao L, Zhang X, Anikeeva PO, Lin Y

Cell (2020) 1812: 410-423.e17. . IHC; tested species: mouse

Variability in nicotine conditioned place preference, stress-induced reinstatement, and effects of guanfacine in male and female mice.

Lee AM, Calarco CA, McKee SA, Mineur YS, Picciotto MR

Genes, brain, and behavior (2019): e12601.. IHC; tested species: mouse

Sleep loss disrupts Arc expression in dentate gyrus neurons.

Delorme JE, Kodoth V, Aton SJ

Neurobiology of learning and memory (2018):.. IHC; tested species: mouse

### **Selected General References**

Regulation of activity-regulated cytoskeleton protein (Arc) mRNA after acute and chronic electroconvulsive stimulation in the rat.

Larsen MH, Olesen M, Woldbye DP, Hay-Schmidt A, Hansen HH, Rønn LC, Mikkelsen JD Brain research (2005) 10641-2: 161-5.

Memory-influencing intra-basolateral amygdala drug infusions modulate expression of Arc protein in the hippocampus. McIntyre CK, Miyashita T, Setlow B, Marjon KD, Steward O, Guzowski JF, McGaugh JL

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2005) 10230: 10718-23. .

Sparse, environmentally selective expression of Arc RNA in the upper blade of the rodent fascia dentata by brief spatial experience.

Chawla MK, Guzowski JF, Ramirez-Amaya V, Lipa P, Hoffman KL, Marriott LK, Worley PF, McNaughton BL, Barnes CA Hippocampus (2005) 155: 579-86. .

Experience-dependent coincident expression of the effector immediate-early genes arc and Homer 1a in hippocampal and neocortical neuronal networks.

Vazdarjanova A, McNaughton BL, Barnes CA, Worley PF, Guzowski JF

The Journal of neuroscience: the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience (2002) 2223: 10067-71...

### FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

### **Shipping Conditions**

 All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freezedried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

### Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- Unlabeled and biotin-labeled antibodies and control proteins should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized!
   Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- Fluorescence-labeled antibodies should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

## Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle
  between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be
  avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that
  has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door
  shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 µl)
  and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock
  concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the
  storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of
  activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

### **Product Specific Hints for Storage**

### Control proteins / peptides

• Store at -20°C to -80°C.

### **Monoclonal Antibodies**

- Ascites and hybridoma supernatant should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended! Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

### **Polyclonal Antibodies**

- Crude antisera: With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- Affinity purified antibodies: Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is
  recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our
  antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed
  information.

#### Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

• Store as a liquid with 1:1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

# Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

### FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

### Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add
  the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are
  preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a
  stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies
  already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein.
   For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the
  solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled
  with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1:1 (v/v) glycerol to a final
  concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in
  liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freezethaw cycles.
- Please refer to our tips and hints for subsequent storage of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.