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## Pax6

Cat.No. 153 011; Monoclonal mouse antibody, 100 µg purified IgG (lyophilized)

## Data Sheet

| Reconstitution/<br>Storage | 100 $\mu$ g purified IgG, lyophilized. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization.<br>For <b>reconstitution</b> add 100 $\mu$ l H <sub>2</sub> O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot<br>and store at -20°C to -80°C until use.<br>Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze!<br>For detailed information, see back of the data sheet. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Applications               | WB: 1 : 1000 (AP staining) (see remarks)<br>IP: not tested yet<br>ICC: 1 : 200<br>IHC: not tested yet<br>IHC-P: 1 : 200 up to 1 : 500   |
| Clone                      | AD2.38  |
| Subtype                    | IgG1 (λ light chain)  |
| Immunogen                  | Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 422 from mouse Pax6 (UniProt Id: P63015)   |
| Epitop                     | AA 4 to 130 from mouse Pax6 (UniProt Id: P63015)  |
| Reactivity                 | Reacts with: human (P26367), rat (P63016), mouse (P63015), chicken.<br>Other species not tested yet.  |
| Specificity                | K.O. validated PubMed: <u>10409504</u>  |
| Remarks                    | <b>WB</b> : Nuclear extracts from tissues should be used for Western blot experiments to increase the concentration of Pax 6.<br><b>IHC-P</b> : Antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer pH 9 is recommended.  |

#### TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

### Background

**Pax 6 (Sey)** proteins regulate transcription and are composed of two DNA binding motives, an N-terminal paired domain (PD) and a C-terminal homeodomain (HD).

Mutations or deletions in the Pax 6 gene cause severe defects in the development of the eye and the central nervous system (CNS). The Pax 6 mRNA is alternatively spliced at position 47 and is translated into two proteins of 46 and 48 kDa. The amino acid sequence and basic regulatory mechanisms of Pax 6 are conserved from invertebrates to mammals.

## Selected References for 153 011

Role of Pax6 in development of the cerebellar system. Engelkamp D, Rashbass P, Seawright A, van Heyningen V Development (Cambridge, England) (1999) 12616: 3585-96. . WB. IHC: KO verified: tested species: mouse Lymphoblast-derived integration-free iPSC lines from a female and male Alzheimer's disease patient expressing different copy numbers of a coding CNV in the Alzheimer risk gene CR1. Schröter F, Sleegers K, Van Cauwenberghe C, Bohndorf M, Wruck W, Van Broeckhoven C, Adjaye J Stem cell research (2016) 173: 560-563. . ICC Generation of an induced pluripotent stem cell line HHUUKDi013-A (ISRM-AATD-iPSC-3) from a pediatric patient of Alpha-I Antitrypsin Deficiency (AATD). Loerch C, Hokamp R, Wruck W, Katzer D, Weigert A, Machui A, Graffmann N, Ganschow R, Adjaye J Stem cell research (2025) 87: 103762. . ICC; tested species: human INSIHGT: an accessible multi-scale, multi-modal 3D spatial biology platform. Yau CN, Hung JTS, Campbell RAA, Wong TCY, Huang B, Wong BTY, Chow NKN, Zhang L, Tsoi EPL, Tan Y, Li JJX, et al. Nature communications (2024) 151: 10888. . IHC; tested species: mouse Induction of granule and Purkinje cells from primary cultured mouse cerebellar progenitors. Zhang T, Liu T, Hassan BA STAR protocols (2021) 23: 100760. . ICC; tested species: mouse Generation of excitatory and inhibitory neurons from common progenitors via Notch signaling in the cerebellum. Zhang T, Liu T, Mora N, Guegan J, Bertrand M, Contreras X, Hansen AH, Streicher C, Anderle M, Danda N, Tiberi L, et al. Cell reports (2021) 3510: 109208. . IHC; tested species: mouse IPSC-Derived Neuronal Cultures Carrying the Alzheimer's Disease Associated TREM2 R47H Variant Enables the Construction of an Aβ-Induced Gene Regulatory Network. Martins S, Müller-Schiffmann A, Erichsen L, Bohndorf M, Wruck W, Sleegers K, Van Broeckhoven C, Korth C, Adjave J International journal of molecular sciences (2020) 2112: . . ICC; tested species: human Mutations in the Heterotopia Gene Eml1/EML1 Severely Disrupt the Formation of Primary Cilia. Uzguiano A. Cifuentes-Diaz C. Jabali A. Romero DM. Houllier A. Dingli F. Maillard C. Boland A. Deleuze JF. Loew D. Mancini GMS. et al. Cell reports (2019) 286: 1596-1611.e10. . ICC; tested species: mouse Lymphoblast-derived integration-free ISRM-CON9 iPS cell line from a 75year old female. Martins S. Bohndorf M. Schröter F, Assar F, Wruck W, Sleegers K, Van Broeckhoven C, Adjaye J Stem cell research (2018) 26: 76-79. . IHC; tested species: human

Lymphoblast-derived integration-free iPS cell line from a female 67-year-old Alzheimer's disease patient with TREM2 (R47H) missense mutation.

Schröter F, Sleegers K, Cuyvers E, Bohndorf M, Wruck W, Van Broeckhoven C, Adjaye J Stem cell research (2016) 173: 553-555. . **ICC** 

Compartment-specific transcription factors orchestrate angiogenesis gradients in the embryonic brain. Vasudevan A, Long JE, Crandall JE, Rubenstein JL, Bhide PG Nature neuroscience (2008) 114: 429-39. . **IHC** 



Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at <u>https://sysy.com/product/153011</u> or scan the QR-code.

## FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

## **Shipping Conditions**

• All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freezedried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

## Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- Unlabeled and biotin-labeled antibodies and control proteins should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized! Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- Fluorescence-labeled antibodies should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

# Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 μl) and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

## **Product Specific Hints for Storage**

#### Control proteins / peptides

• Store at -20°C to -80°C.

#### **Monoclonal Antibodies**

- Ascites and hybridoma supernatant should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended! Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

#### **Polyclonal Antibodies**

- **Crude antisera**: With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- Affinity purified antibodies: Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

#### **Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies**

• Store as a liquid with 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

## Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

## FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

## Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein. For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol to a final concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freezethaw cycles.
- Please refer to our **tips and hints for subsequent storage** of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.