

α-Tubulin (cat. no. 302 211, dilution 1:1000; AP-conjugated) for Western blotting and immunofluorescence

α-Tubulin (cat. no. 302 211) for immunocytochemistry (ICC) (1) and immunohistochemistry (IHC / IHC-P) (2) in various tissues and cell lines. Synaptic Systems offers a wide range of antibodies for research and diagnostic purposes.

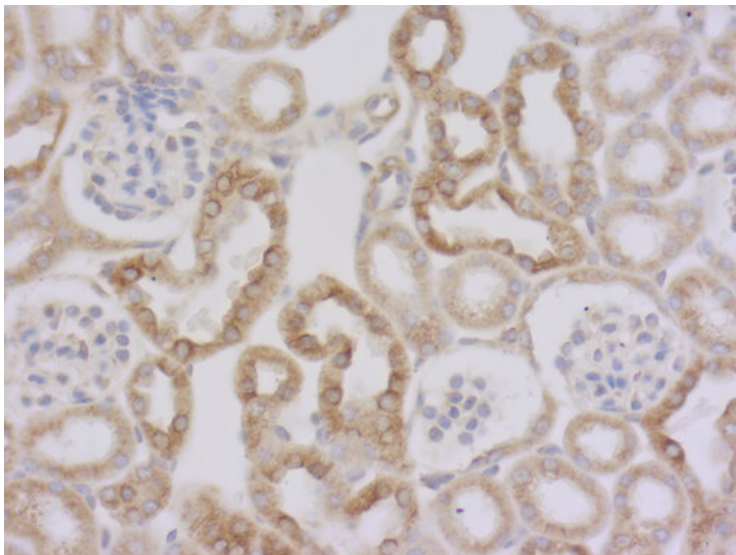
α-Tubulin

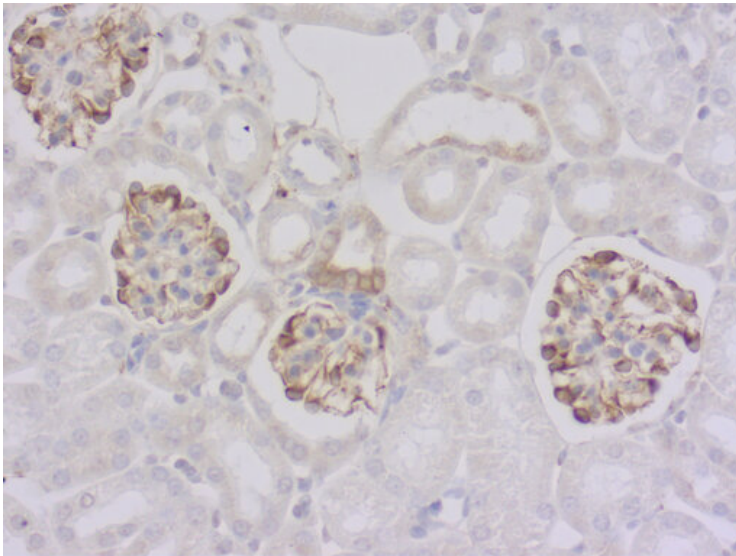
Cat. No.	Product Description	Application	Quantity	Price	Cart
302 008	α-Tubulin, rabbit, recombinant IgG	WB ICC IHC	100 µg	US\$420.00	
302 203	α-Tubulin, rabbit, affinity	WB ICC IHC ELISA	100 µg	US\$380.00	
302 206	α-Tubulin, chicken, affinity	WB ICC IHC IHC-P (FFPE)	50 µg	US\$385.00	
302 211	α-Tubulin, mouse, recombinant IgG	WB IP ICC IHC IHC-P (FFPE) ExM ELISA	100 µg	US\$420.00	
302 211C3	α-Tubulin, mouse, IgG, Oyster 550 discontinued	ICC	50 µg		
302 217	α-Tubulin, rat, IgG	WB ICC IHC	100 µg	US\$420.00	
302 308	α-Tubulin, Guinea pig, recombinant IgG	WB ICC IHC IHC-P (FFPE)	50 µg	US\$420.00	
302 411	α-Tubulin, mouse, IgM K.O.	WB ICC IHC	100 µg	US\$420.00	
302 204	α-Tubulin, Guinea pig, antiserum	WB ICC IHC	100 µl	US\$370.00	

Result count: 9

α-Tubulin

α-Tubulin (cat. no. 302 211) is a highly specific antibody for the detection of tubulin in various tissues and cell lines. It is suitable for Western blotting, immunocytochemistry (ICC), and immunohistochemistry (IHC / IHC-P). The antibody is derived from a mouse monoclonal antibody and is highly specific for the α-tubulin isoform. It is suitable for detection of tubulin in various tissues and cell lines. Synaptic Systems offers a wide range of antibodies for research and diagnostic purposes.

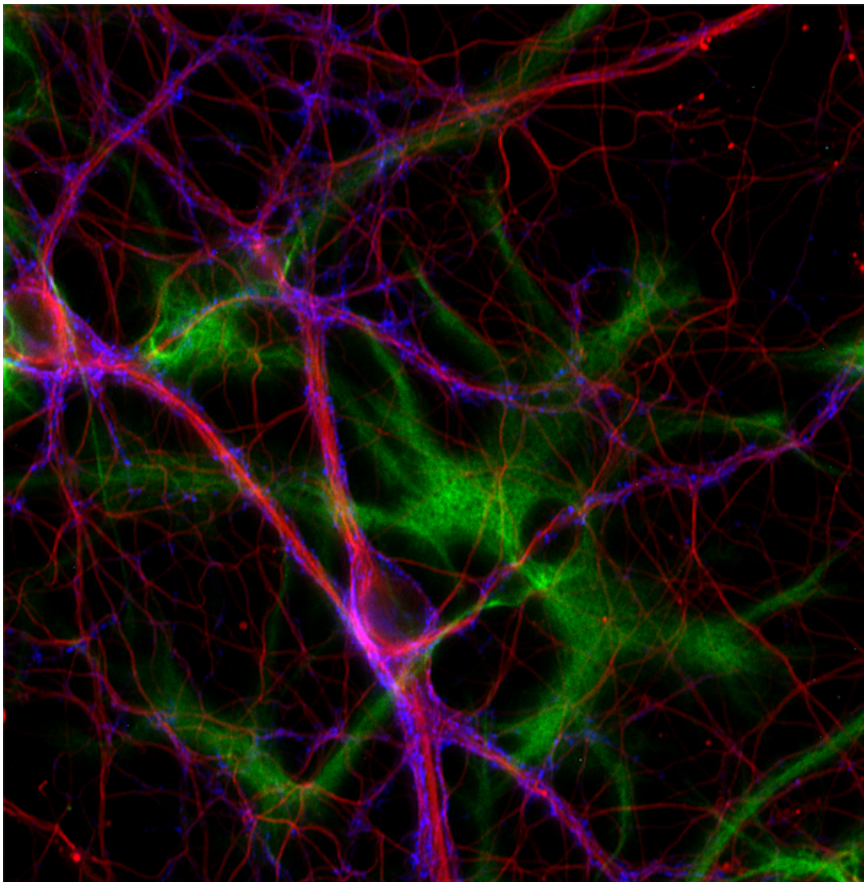




3a: α -Tyr- α -PFA (cat. no. 302 117, 1 : 1000; DAB)

3b: α -Glu- α (cat. no. 302 011, 1 : 1000; DAB)

Delta2: α -delta2-D2- α (Paturle-Lafanechère et al., 1994) (4)



4: Δ 2- (cat. no. 302 213, 1 : 500;)1 (cat. no. 105 011, 1 : 500;) GFAP (cat. no. 173 004, 1 : 500;)

Goodson and Jonasson, 2018: Microtubules and Microtubule-Associated Proteins. [PMID: 29858272](#)

Infante, 2000: Detyrosinated (Glu) microtubules are stabilized by an ATP-sensitive plus-end cap. [PMID: 11058078](#)

Katsetos et al. 2003: Class III beta-tubulin in human development and cancer. [PMID: 12740870](#)

Paturle-Lafanechère et al., 1994: Accumulation of delta 2-tubulin, a major tubulin variant that cannot be tyrosinated, in neuronal tissues and in stable microtubule assemblies. [PMID: 7962195](#)

Wehland et al., 1992: Class II tubulin, the major brain β tubulin isotype is polyglutamylated on glutamic acid residue. [PMID: 1379548](#)